# **Biomedical Optics EXPRESS**

# Polarization-artifact reduction and accuracy improvement of Jones-matrix polarization-sensitive optical coherence tomography by multi-focus-averaging based multiple scattering reduction: supplement

LIDA ZHU, 1 D SHUICHI MAKITA, 1 D JUNYA TAMAOKI, 2 YIQIANG ZHU, 1 PRADIPTA MUKHERJEE, 1 D YIHENG LIM, 1 D MAKOTO KOBAYASHI, 2 AND YOSHIAKI YASUNO 1,\* D

This supplement published with Optica Publishing Group on 18 December 2023 by The Authors under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License in the format provided by the authors and unedited. Further distribution of this work must maintain attribution to the author(s) and the published article's title, journal citation, and DOI.

Supplement DOI: https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.24746193

Parent Article DOI: https://doi.org/10.1364/BOE.509763

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Computational Optics Group, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, Japan

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Department of Molecular and Developmental Biology, Institute of Medicine, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, Japan

<sup>\*</sup>yoshiaki.yasuno@cog-labs.org

# Polarization-artifact reduction and accuracy improvement of Jones-matrix polarization-sensitive optical coherence tomography by multi-focus-averaging based multiple scattering reduction: supplemental document

This file supplements Section 4.2.1 by showing the proof of a formula used in the section. This file also supplements Section 4.5 and Fig. 8 by showing the photographs, degree-of-polarization uniformity (DOPU) images, and birefringence images of two additional fishes (Samples 2 and 3) measured for validation of MS reduction by the multi-focus averaging (MFA).

### 1. PROOF OF FORMULA

We have used the following formula in Section 4.2.1.

$$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B})^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} - (\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B})^{-1}\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A}^{-1},$$
 (S1)

where **A** and **B** are arbitrary nonsingular square matrices. This formula can be proven as follows. We hypothesize that the formula [Eq. (S1)] is correct, and then show that this hypothesis leads us to an evidently correct equation.

By multiplying (A + B) from the right, the equation becomes

$$I = I + A^{-1}B - (I + A^{-1}B)^{-1}A^{-1}B(I + A^{-1}B)$$
 (S2)

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B} = (\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B})^{-1}\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\left(\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\right). \tag{S3}$$

By multiplying  $(\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B})$  from the left, the equation further reformed into

$$(\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B})\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\left(\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\right)$$
 (S4)

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}.$$
 (S5)

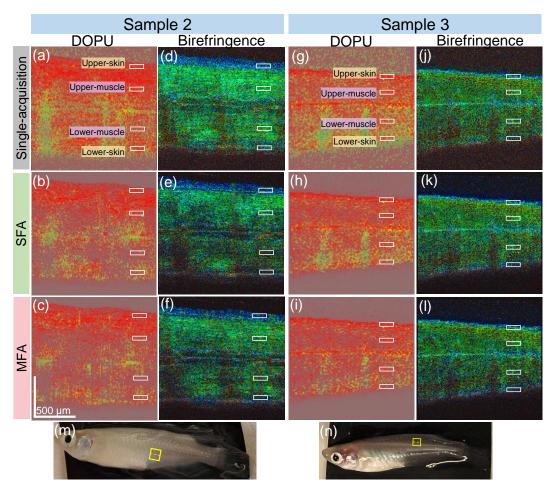
The left- and right-hand sides of the last equation [Eq. (S5)] are evidently identical. Namely, an evidently correct equation was derived from the formula [Eq. (S1)]. So, this proves that the formula is true.

More generalized discussion of this formula can be found in [1].

## **REFERENCES**

1. K. S. Miller, "On the inverse of the sum of matrices," Math. Mag. 54, 67–72 (1981).

# 2. SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE



**Fig. S1.** (a)-(l) are the cross-sectional DOPU and birefringence images of the two additional samples. samples 2 and 3 were two adult medaka fishes. White boxes in (a) and (g) denote the selected ROIs for the skin and muscle regions in the upper- and lower-halves of the samples, respectively. (m) and (n) show the photographs of sample 2 and 3, respectively, where the yellow boxes denote the measured field-of-views, and the yellow dashed lines denote the locations where the cross-sectional images were taken.